## Dougherty Valley HS Chemistry - AP Atomic Structure – Configurations and Periodicity

- Leonardo da Vínci (1452 - 1519)

Name:

Seat#:

Period:

"No human investigation can be called real science if it cannot be demonstrated mathematically."

1) Write the electron configurations of the following elements using the shorthand notation for the noble gas cores.

	a. phosphorus						
	<b>b.</b> nickel						
	c. osmium						
	d. lead						
	e. titanium						
2)	Which orbital is filled following	g (after) these orbi	tals? <b>a.</b> 3	d <b>b.</b>	4s (	<b>:.</b> 5p	<b>d.</b> 5f
3)	How many electrons can be a	ccommodated in:					
•		A set of f orbitals	c. The n =	4 shell	d. The 7s	orbital	e. A p <sub>x</sub> orbital
4)	Are the following ground state they are OK or why they are V	e electron configur WRONG.	ations OK or i	s there so	mething WF	RONG with	each one? Explain why
	Configurations	ОК	or Wrong?			Explai	in
	a. 3d 4s 1l 3d 4s b. 1l 1l 1l 1l 1l 1l 1	4p a. 4p b.					
	3d 4s	4p					
	d. 111111	4p C.					
	3d 4s	4p d.					
		е.					
5)	How many unpaired electrons	are there in:					
-,	a. A Nitrogen atom	<b>b.</b> An iodine at	om 0	. A nicke	el (II) cation	d.	An oxide ion

6) SKIP - Which of the following sets of quantum numbers describe an impossible situation? Explain why.

	Quantum #s	X if impossible	Explain why impossible
a.	$n = 2, 1 = 1, m_1 = 2, m_s = +\frac{1}{2}$		
b.	$n = 5, 1 = 2, m_l = 1, m_s = -\frac{1}{2}$		
c.	$n = 6, 1 = 5, m_l = 0, m_s = 0$		
d.	$n = 3, 1 = 3, m_l = 1, m_s = -\frac{1}{2}$		
e.	$n = 4, 1 = 2, m_l = 1, m_s = +\frac{1}{2}$		

7) Arrange the following elements in increasing order of whichever trends specified.

a. S, Ge, P, and Si	atomic size	<<
<b>b.</b> Na+, K+, Cl <sup>-</sup> , and Br <sup>-</sup>	increasing size	<<
c. Be, Ca, N, and P	ionization energy	<<

8) Which item in each of the following pairs would you expect to have the higher electron affinity? Explain why.

a.	Cl or Cl⁻	
b.	Na or K	
c.	Br or I	

9) Which elements fit the following descriptions?

a.	the smallest alkaline earth metal	b.	has a valence shell configuration 4f <sup>14</sup> 5d <sup>10</sup> 6s <sup>1</sup>	c.	the halogen with the lowest ionization energy	d.	has 13 more electrons than argon
e.	the smallest non metal	f.	the Group 4A element with the largest ionization energy	g.	its 3+ ion has the electron configuration [Kr] 4d <sup>10</sup>		

**10)** Given the following series of ionic radii, estimate the atomic radius of Neon. Do you think it is a fair estimate? Why or why not?

C <sup>4-</sup> 260 pm;	N³- 171 pm;	O <sup>2-</sup> 126 pm;	F <sup>-</sup> 119 pm;
Na <sup>+</sup> 116 pm;	Mg²+ 86 pm;	Al <sup>3+</sup> 68 pm,	